

### 3<sup>RD</sup> SEM./CIVIL./ 2024(W)

#### TH1 Structural Mechanics

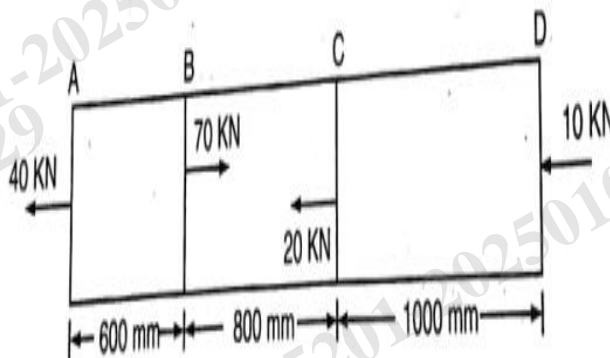
Full Marks: 80

Time- 3 Hrs

Answer any five Questions including Q No.1& 2  
Figures in the right hand margin indicates marks

1. Answer **All** questions 2 x 10
- Define Elasticity.
  - Define volumetric strain.
  - What is the maximum bending moment of a simple supported beam of length 'l' & udl 'w'/unit run throughout.
  - What is point of contraflexure?
  - Define slenderness ratio .
  - Define neutral axis.
  - Write down the relation between elastic modulus and rigidity modulus.
  - Write down the condition of static equilibrium.
  - Define centre of gravity.
  - Write down the equation for number of members in case of a perfect frame.

2. Answer **Any Six** Questions 5 x 6
- A brass bar having cross sectional area of  $900\text{mm}^2$  is subjected to a axial force as shown in the figure . Find the total change in the length of the bar. Take  $E = 1 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .

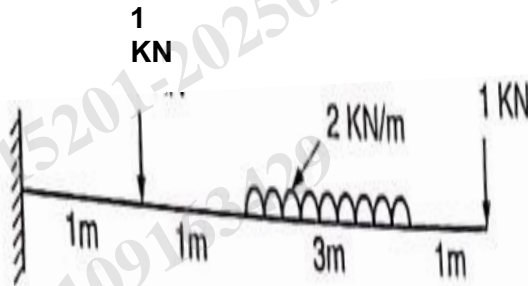


- Derive limit of eccentricity for rectangular and circular section.
- Derive relationship between shear force, bending moment & rate of loading.
- Write down the assumptions in pure bending.
- A simply supported beam of span 3.0 m is subjected to a central point load of 20 kN. Determine the maximum slope and deflection at the center of the beam. Take EI for the beam as  $5 \times 10^{10} \text{ N/mm}^2$ .

- f. A circular shaft of 60mm diameter is rotating at a speed of 150rpm .If the shear stress is not to exceed 50 Mpa, find the power which can be transmitted by the shaft.
- g. A round bar 4 m long and 60 mm in diameter is used as a strut with both ends hinged. Determine the crippling load. Take  $E = 2 \times 10^5 \text{ N/mm}^2$ .

Answer **Any Three** Questions

3. Derive briefly the relation between E(elastic modulus) K(bulk modulus) & C(shear modulus). 10
4. Find  $I_{xx}$  and  $I_{yy}$  for unequal angle section 100x80x20mm. 100mm and 80mm are outer dimensions of angle section. 10
5. a) Define principal stress and principal plane. 5+5  
b) A beam of rectangular cross section is 300mm wide and 500mm deep. If the section is subjected to a maximum shear force of 50 KN, Find the maximum shear stress and draw the shear stress distribution along the depth of the beam.
6. Draw the S. F and B.M diagram of the cantilever loaded as in the figure. 10



7. A rectangular beam 300mm deep is simply supported over a span of 4m. what uniformly distributed load per meter the beam may carry if the bending stress is not to exceed  $120 \text{ N/mm}^2$  ? Take  $I = 8 \times 10^6 \text{ mm}^4$ . 10